Delivering the FACTS on preterm birth

What every mom needs to know about staying pregnant until full term

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Understand if you are at RISK for preterm birth

Preterm births are unexpected and can happen at any time. Some women have an early delivery due to a medical situation. Other women have a greater chance of having a preterm baby because they have certain risk factors.

Risk factors for preterm birth:
- Prior spontaneous (unexpected) preterm birth before 37 weeks
- Pregnant with twins, triplets, or other multiples
- Problems with the uterus or cervix
- African American heritage

Other risk factors include:
- High blood pressure, stress, diabetes, or being overweight or underweight
- Short time between pregnancies (6-18 months)
- Certain infections during pregnancy such as an infection of the uterus, vagina, or urinary tract infection, or a sexually transmitted infection
- Smoking, drinking alcohol, or using illegal drugs

The goal of a healthy pregnancy is to deliver a baby at 40 weeks of pregnancy. Preterm birth is the delivery of a baby between 20 and 37 weeks of pregnancy.

Staying pregnant to full term is one of the best ways to give your baby the time needed to grow and develop.

Approximately 400,000 babies are born too early each year in the US.

Approximately 1 IN 10 BABIES is born premature.

About 1 preterm baby is born every minute.

1 IN 10 BABIES
Your baby needs every week of pregnancy to grow and develop, both inside and out.\textsuperscript{2,4,6}

Around **Week 35**, the brain is only \( \frac{2}{3} \) the size of a full-term baby.\textsuperscript{5}

**Hearing** is not fully developed until **full term**.\textsuperscript{7}

**Liver** is not mature enough to remove bilirubin and prevent jaundice until **full term**.\textsuperscript{6,8}

May **not have enough body fat** to keep temperature steady until **Week 37**.\textsuperscript{6,8}

Breathing, sucking, and swallowing reflexes are not ready until **34 weeks or later**. An early birth may cause feeding and nutrition problems.\textsuperscript{6,8}

Lungs continue to develop until the end of pregnancy, and babies may have trouble breathing if born early.\textsuperscript{6}

Did You Know? Babies born early are more likely to be rehospitalized, regardless of their birth weight.\textsuperscript{9}
Your healthcare provider can talk with you about ways to lower your risk, including potential treatment options available.

If you are at risk for preterm birth, now is the time to talk with your healthcare provider. Let them know about any questions or concerns you might have.

Every pregnant woman should be familiar with the signs and symptoms of preterm labor. If you have any of these symptoms before your due date, contact your healthcare provider as soon as possible, as you may be experiencing preterm labor, which could result in delivering too early (less than 37 weeks).

Learn how you can lower your chances of preterm birth.

Did You Know?

Staying pregnant to full term is one of the best ways to give your baby the time needed to grow and develop.

Know the SIGNS & SYMPTOMS associated with preterm labor.

- **Contractions**, or tightening of your belly muscles, every 10 minutes or less
- **Belly cramps** with or without diarrhea
- **Low, dull backache**
- **Cramps** resembling menstrual cramps
- **Feeling of pressure** in the pelvic area
- **A change in vaginal discharge**

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Learn how you can lower your chances of preterm birth.

If you are at risk for preterm birth, now is the time to talk with your healthcare provider. Let them know about any questions or concerns you might have.

Your healthcare provider can talk with you about ways to lower your risk, including potential treatment options available.

**Did You Know?**

Staying pregnant to full term is one of the best ways to give your baby the time needed to grow and develop.
Below are some risk factors for preterm birth (delivering a baby before 37 weeks). Check the ones that apply to you and bring this list to your next appointment so you can talk about it with your healthcare provider.

- Prior spontaneous (unexpected) preterm birth before 37 weeks
- Pregnant with twins, triplets, or other multiples
- Problems with the uterus or cervix
- African American heritage
- High blood pressure, stress, diabetes, or being overweight or underweight
- Short time between pregnancies (6–18 months)
- Certain infections (urinary tract infection, infection of the uterus or vagina, or sexually transmitted infection) during pregnancy
- Smoking, drinking alcohol, or using illegal drugs

Help protect your baby
If you think you may be at risk for preterm birth, talk to your healthcare provider about ways you can reduce your risk, including possible treatment options.

For more information, visit www.GrowthYouCantSee.com

References: